### Work covered in lesson on Thursday 10 April as well as homework for Tuesday 15 April

1. Activity 13

# Class Test 7 on Products and Factorising (Grouping):

1. Simplify:

a) 
$$(x-2)(2x-1) = 2x^2 - x - 4x + 2$$
 b)  $-(3x-4)^2 = -(3x-4)(3x-4)$   $= 2x^2 - 5x + 2$   $= -[9x^2 - 12x + 16]$   $-[7x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x - 3x^2 - 95x - 27]$   $= -9x^2 + 24x - 16$  c)  $27 - (x-3)(x^2 + 3x + 9) = 27 - [x^3 + 27]$   $= -27 + 24x - 16$   $= 27 - x^3 + 27$   $= -27 + 24x - 16$ 

2. Factorise:

a) 
$$36a^2 - 6a + 7b - 49b^2 = 36\alpha^2 - 49b^2 - 6\alpha + 7b$$
 b)  $25x^2a - 25bx^2 - a + b = 25x^2(a - b) - 1(a - b)$ 

$$= (a - 7b)(6a + 7b) - 1$$

$$= (a - 7b)(6a + 7b - 1)$$

$$= (a - 7b)(5x - 1)(5x + 1)$$

c) 
$$x^2 - 16x + 64 = (2c - 8)(2c - 8)$$

$$k^2 - y^2 \qquad = (2c - 8)^2 - y^2 (2c - 8) + y$$

$$= (x - y)(x + y) \qquad = (2c - 8) - y = (2c - 8) + y$$

$$= (2c - 8) - y = (2c - 8) + y = ($$

#### ACTIVITY 14. Grouping (3 + 1):

How to recognize "3 + 1" grouping: Trinomial (which is a perfect square) and Perfect square separated by "-". Factorise the following:

a) 
$$x^2 - 2x + 1 - y^2$$
  
=  $(x-1)^2 - y^2$   
=  $(x-1-y)(x-1+y)$ 

c) 
$$x^2 - 4x + 4 - 9y^2$$
  
=  $(x-2)^2 - 9y^2$   
=  $(x-2-3y)(x-2+3y)$ 

e) 
$$x^2 - 8x + 16 - 4y^2$$
  
=  $(x - 4)^2 - 4y^2$   
=  $(x - 4 - 2y)(x - 4 + 2y)$ 

g) 
$$x^{2} - y^{2} - 14x + 49$$

$$= x^{2} - 14x + 49 - y^{2}$$

$$= (x - 7)^{2} - y^{2}$$

$$= (x - 7 - y)(x - 7 + y)$$

**b)** 
$$9x^2 - 6x + 1 - y^2$$
$$= (3x - 1)^2 - y^2$$
$$= (3x - 1 - y)(3x - 1 + y)$$

d) 
$$25x^2 - 10x + 1 - 16y^2$$
$$= (5x - 2)^2 - 16y^2$$
$$= (5x - 1 - 4y)(5x - 1 + 4y)$$

f) 
$$x^2 - 16y^2 - 10x + 25$$
  
=  $x^2 - 10x + 25 - 16y^2$   
=  $(x - 5)^2 - 16y^2$   
=  $(x - 5 - 4y)(x - 4 + 4y)$ 

h) 
$$49x^{2} - 100y^{2} - 14x + 1$$

$$= 49x^{2} - 14x + 1 - 100y^{2}$$

$$= (7x - 1)^{2} - 100y^{2}$$

$$(7x - 1 - 10y)(7x - 1 + 10y)$$

## **<u>Class Test 8</u>** on Products and Factorising (All Grouping):

- 1. Simplify:
- a)  $(x-3)(3x-1) = 3x^2 10x + 3$
- b)  $-(5x+2)^2 = -(25x^2+20x+4) = -25x^2-20x-4$
- c)  $1 (x+1)(x^2 x + 1) = 1 (x^3 x^2 + x + x^2 x + 1) = 1 x^3 + x^2 x x^2 + x 1 = -x^3$

#### 2. Factorise

a) 
$$3x - 3y - qx + qy = 3(x - y) - q(x - y) = (x-y)(3-q)$$

b) 
$$49a^2 - 7a + 6b - 36b^2 = 49a^2 - 36b^2 - 7a + 6b = (7a - 6b)(7a + 6b) - (7a - 6b) = (7a - 6b)(7a + 6b - 1)$$

c) 
$$100x^2a - 100bx^2 - a + b = 100x^2(a - b) - (a - b) = (a-b)(100x^2 - 1) = (a-b)(10x-1)(10x+1)$$

d) 
$$x^3 - x + y - y^3 = x^3 - y^3 - x + y = (x-y)(x^2 + xy + y^2) - (x - y) = (x-y)(x^2 + xy + y^2 - 1)$$

e) 
$$x^2 - y^2 - 14x + 49$$
 [3 and 1 not 2 and 2] =  $x^2 - 14x + 49 - y^2 = (x-7)(x-7) - y^2 = (x-7)^2 - y^2 = (x-7-y)(x-7+y)$